The Middle Ages
Outcome: The Crusades

1. The Crusades
   a. What is a crusade?
      i. A ______ _____ involving the journey of thousands of Europeans to reclaim the holy land of __________ in the name of Christianity
      ii. In all, there were ___ or ___ Crusades (depending on your source)

   b. When were the Crusades?
      i. Starts in ______ and lasts for nearly ____ years

   c. Why crusade? Social, Economic, Spiritual, & Political reasons
      i. __________: Opportunity to get ________ to stop fighting each other and fight a new foe. These knights ________________ in Europe.
      ii. __________: The Holy lands of Jerusalem were generally __________ than Europe and many wanted to __________ of that wealth
      iii. __________: Younger _____ who did not stand to inherit __________ were looking for ___________ and adventure
      iv. __________: Merchants supplied ________ to finance the journey
      v. __________: A chance for the pope to __________ instead of Byzantine rival
      vi. __________: Fight/Die on Crusade = ______ to ________ (Christian __________)

   Christian Crusaders often wore a red cross on their tunics/shields

2. What happened:
   a. First Crusade
      i. __________ called for a holy war against Muslims controlling holy lands
      ii. Urban’s call brought _______________ for the Crusade
      iii. Those who died on Crusade were assured a __________
      iv. “___________!” was the battle cry
      v. ______ mile journey from Europe to Jerusalem
      vi. Eventually, __________ approached Jerusalem and besieged it for a month
      vii. On July 15, 1099, the __________
      viii. In the process, the Christians __________ all of the ______ left in the city

   Second Crusade
      i. The Muslim Army under command of ________ captured Jerusalem again in 1187
      ii. The __________ ____________ to defeat Saladin and recapture the city

Constructive Response Question
Summarize the Crusades including causes and effects.
c. The Third Crusade
   i. Led by 3 of Europe’s most powerful ________________
      1. __________ of France – went home
      2. German Emperor ________________ – ______________ on journey
      3. English ___________________________________________________________________
        a. Fought many battles against ________________
        b. Agreed to a __________ with Saladin in 1192
           i. Jerusalem stayed under ________________
           ii. Saladin promised ____________ could freely visit the city’s ____________

   d. Other attempts
      i. 4th Crusade __________ to recapture Jerusalem
      ii. In the 1200s, four more Crusades were also ______________
      iii. The __________Crusade (read p. 384)

3. Effects of the Crusades
   a. Example of Church _______________
   b. ______________ between Europe and Southwest Asia
   c. Thousands of ____________ and other participants ________________
   d. Those who survived brought back ____________ to Europe
   e. Persecution of ___; thousands were slaughtered because they were __________
   f. Failure of later Crusades __________________________________________________________________
   g. The Crusades weakened the power of the __________ __________ (Knights were dead)
   h. Began a legacy of __________ and __________ of Christians for the Muslims and __________

Result: The Crusades were a violation of “______________.” It was also an example of an abuse of church __________. The effects of the Crusades are ______ ________ through that region of the world today.

Constructive Response Question
Summarize the Crusades including causes and effects.